FINAL BILL REPORT SSB 5046

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Synopsis as Enacted

Brief Description: Placing symphony musicians under the jurisdiction of the public employment relations commission for purposes of collective bargaining.

Sponsors: Senate Committee on Labor, Commerce & Consumer Protection (originally sponsored by Senators Kohl-Welles, Keiser, Kline and Franklin).

Senate Committee on Labor, Commerce & Consumer Protection House Committee on Commerce & Labor

Background: The National Labor Relations Board (NLRB) is an independent federal agency that administers the National Labor Relations Act, the primary law governing relations between unions and employers in the private sector. The NLRB has two principal functions: to determine, through secret-ballot elections, whether employees wish to be represented by a union in dealing with their employers, and if so, by which union; and to prevent and remedy unfair labor practices by either employers or unions. The NLRB's jurisdiction is limited to enterprises that involve a substantial effect on interstate commerce. This is based on the yearly amount of business done by the enterprise, stated in terms of total dollar volume of business, and is different for different kinds of enterprises. For example, symphony orchestras are covered if they receive at least \$1 million in gross annual revenues. Retail enterprises are covered if their annual volume of business is at least \$500,000. Employers who provide social services are covered if they receive at least \$250,000 in gross annual revenues.

The Public Employment Relations Commission (PERC) is an independent Washington State agency responsible for resolving disputes involving most public employers and employees, and the unions that represent those employees. When public employers and unions are unable to agree on a written contract establishing the wages, hours, and working conditions of bargaining unit employees, PERC provides mediation to help the parties reach an agreement. PERC's jurisdiction is determined by state law and includes the following groups: state civil service employees; state higher education classified (civil service) employees; community and technical college faculty; public utility district employees; home health care providers; adult family home providers; and certain higher education teaching and research assistants.

Summary: PERC's jurisdiction is extended to symphony musicians who work for a symphony orchestra with a gross annual revenue of more than \$300,000 and that does not meet the NLRB's jurisdictional requirements. If an employer and a group of employees are

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in disagreement as to the selection of a bargaining representative, PERC may intervene. PERC may decide the unit appropriate for collective bargaining, and must determine the bargaining representative by comparing the signature on bargaining authorization cards or by conducting an election.

The exclusive bargaining representative must represent all employees of the unit, regardless of membership in the bargaining representative. If the employer and the exclusive bargaining representative fail to come to an agreement, matters in dispute may be submitted to PERC. A collective bargaining agreement may contain union security provisions, but closed shop provisions are not authorized. The right of nonassociation of employees based on bona fide religious tenets or teachings of a church or religious body of which the employee is a member must be safeguarded in the agreement. The collective bargaining agreement may also provide for binding arbitration.

PERC may appoint an arbitrator, upon request, to assist in the resolution of a labor dispute between the employer and the bargaining representative. The arbitrator must conduct the arbitration as provided in the collective bargaining agreement. PERC may not collect fees for services it provides. PERC must prevent unfair labor practices and issue appropriate remedial orders and may petition superior court for the enforcement of its orders and for temporary relief.

Votes on Final Passage:

Senate 30 17 House 60 36

Effective: June 10, 2010